

MADE THREATS TO KILL HIM.

**Sarah Robinson Said She
Would Murder McNair.**

THE MASSILLON WITNESSES.

**City Engineer Howald, Police-
man Getz and Patrolman Er-
tle and Others on the Stand—
Sarah was Jealous of Mc-
Nair's Attentions to Other
People—Testimony Heard in
the Case on Thursday.**

Canton, July 17.—Upon the return of the jury from visiting the scene of the tragedy at Massillon on Wednesday afternoon, the case of the state of Ohio against Sarah Robinson indicted for first degree murder, was resumed by Judge Ambler in court room No. 1. Four witnesses for the state had been examined before the hour of adjournment Wednesday.

The first witness called was City Engineer Harold Howald, of Massillon. He had made a plat of the "Honkeytonk" saloon and its surroundings a few days after the death of McNair. Mr. Howald identified the plat shown him by Prosecutor Day. It was offered in evidence by the prosecutor. Attorney McCarty, for the defense, objected for the reason that Mr. Howald was not engineer at the time of the shooting. The court sustained the objection until the state showed proof that the plat was an accurate drawing of the interior of the saloon on the day of the shooting, by competent witnesses.

THREAT TO KILL HIM.

Frederick Hose, of Massillon, was the next witness. Mr. Hose said that he resided in the first house south of the McNair saloon in Canal street. He was examined by Attorney Bow and said that he became acquainted with McNair about the time the latter opened his saloon there about a year ago.

"How long did Sarah Robinson live there?"

"About a year."

"Who resided on the second floor of the stone building at the time of the shooting?"

"A man and woman and two daughters named James. They moved in about two weeks before the shooting. McNair occupied the lower floor of the stone building."

"Did you have a conversation with Sarah a few days prior to the shooting?"

"Yes sir."

"What did she tell you?"

"I heard her say that if he (McNair) did not keep away from the white trash she would blow his lights out."

When cross-examined by Attorney Shetler, Hose said he was a painter by trade. He said four or five others whose names he did not know were in the saloon at the time Sarah made the threat. McNair was absent.

MINNIE SHEARER.

Minnie Shearer, a daughter of Hose, was the next witness. She was examined by Prosecutor Day and testified to hearing a threat made by Sarah against the life of McNair. She said that she knew both McNair and Sarah Robinson.

"Did you ever have any talk with Sarah about the two women residing in the stone building upstairs?"

"Yes sir."

"Where?"

"Downstairs in the apartments where McNair and Sarah lived. My sister Eva Hose was present. Sarah said that if Walter did not quit flirting with the white women she would blow his brains out."

She was cross-examined by Attorney McCarty. She said that she had been married to Christ Shearer about a year ago, but only lived with him two weeks. She said Sarah made the remark attributed to her about a week before the shooting. Later in her testimony Minnie said that she and Sarah were not on good terms and had quarreled about two weeks before the shooting and had not spoken since. When shown the inconsistency of her testimony concerning the statement about Sarah's alleged threat the witness had nothing to say.

DANIEL EPPS CALLED.

Daniel Epps, one of the colored men who were in the saloon at the time of the shooting, was the next witness. He said that he resided at the McNair saloon and boarding house from March 19 to April 14, and worked at the steel plant. He now resides at

Newcomerstown where he works at a pipe shop. He was examined by the prosecutor. He said that on April 14 he overslept and did not go to work, but hung around the saloon.

"Who else was there at the time of the shooting?"

"Harvey Walton, Cy Young, Grant Haggard and James Green. The first named is a white man."

Describing what occurred, the witness said: "McNair had the revolver which was used in the shooting, lying on the shelf near the money drawer. I was seated on a beer case near the stove when the trouble began. McNair was behind the bar drawing a glass of beer for Cy Young. Sarah went behind the bar and got a glass of beer. Then she walked around in front to the door. She opened it. A shot rang and I turned around. She stood there with a revolver in her hand. McNair was drawing a glass of beer at the time. He said, 'I am shot,' and fell. I jumped from the beer case and by this time Sarah had thrown the revolver on the floor and started away."

Cross-examined by Attorney Shetler, Epps said Sarah entered the saloon ten or fifteen minutes before the shooting. McNair was there when she entered. The witness said he heard no words between the pair before the shooting. He did not see McNair leave the room during the afternoon. McNair did not go into the back yard, to his recollection. Asked where he lived before going to Massillon, the witness he was reluctant to say. He finally said "in Canton."

When court convened Thursday morning the space behind the railing in court room No. 1 was thronged with spectators interested in the proceedings. Sarah Robinson occupied her usual place between Attorneys McCarty and Shetler, her counsel. William McNair, a brother of the alleged murdered man, was present, having come to Canton from Addyston. He took a seat next to Prosecutor Day and Attorney Bow.

The case was resumed with Daniel Epps on the stand in cross-examination. Mr. Epps is an important witness for the state, and went through quite an ordeal at the hands of Attorneys McCarty and Shetler. He admitted on the stand that he had served one year in the penitentiary, having been sent up from Steubenville. He said that he was sentenced for shooting an Italian. Attorney Shetler tried to show that it was for stealing hose.

Harvey P. Walton, the only white man in the saloon at the time of the shooting, was next called. He corroborated Epps in many details connected with the shooting and the position of the parties in the saloon. He saw the pistol on the back bar near the cash drawer in the forenoon. He did not see Sarah shoot but heard the report and saw her run. He said that prior to the shooting Jim Green asked why she did not shut the door, whereupon McNair called out from behind the bar, "Habit, shut the door." She replied, "I will in a minute." A moment later the shot was fired. McNair was drawing a glass of beer at the time.

The witness was cross-examined by Attorney McCarty. Witness said that McNair had gone out of the saloon a short time before the shooting. He said he thought McNair returned a few minutes before the shooting. Walton said that the chart shown him by Prosecutor Day was an accurate description of the interior of the saloon at the time of the shooting.

CORONER SCHUFFELL.

Coroner H. M. Schuffell was the next witness. Examined by Prosecutor Day he said that he was a physician and held the office of coroner.

"Were you called to Massillon in your capacity of coroner in the case of Walter McNair?"

"Yes, sir. I saw the dead body of McNair on a bed in the northwest corner of the stone building in the rear of Canal street. A number of other persons were there. I found the wound which was located in the center of the breast. The body was removed to the northeast room for an autopsy."

Coroner Schuffell said the bullet wound approximately measured three-eighths of an inch. The wound went through the breast bone between the second and third ribs. The coroner then explained the course of the bullet through his body. He said that the liver was enlarged to twice its ordinary size, the abdominal organs were in a healthy condition. The brain and membrane normal.

"Now, Doctor, are you able to say what caused the death of Walter McNair?" asked the prosecutor.

"Yes, sir."

"What was it?"

"A hemorrhage caused by a bullet wound."

The bullet and breast bone of the dead man were shown the jurors by the coroner and introduced into the case.

POLICEMAN GETZ.

Turinne Getz, Massillon policeman,

who arrested Sarah Robinson, was examined by Attorney Bow. He said that he saw Sarah Robinson on April 14, at Schneider's saloon about a block away from McNair's saloon. Officers Wittmann and Brownberger were along. They had been summoned by telephone.

"What statement did Sarah make to you?"

Defense objected and tried to show duress in cross-examination.

"Now, Mr. Getz, what did you say to Sarah Robinson when you went in there?"

"I asked her if she shot McNair."

"What did she say?"

"She said, 'No.'"

"I asked 'Where is the revolver?' she replied, 'I have no revolver.' I then told her she would have to go to police station. We started out with her. I accompanied her to the house to get her clothes. She made no effort to get her clothes and I took her along."

"Did you have any conversation on the way to the lockup?"

"Yes, sir."

"What did you say?"

"I asked her again if she shot McNair. She replied that she had shot him and that she hoped he would die."

This answer was objected to and ordered stricken out.

A recess for five minutes was then taken to take up the matter of the objection of the defense to the questions of the prosecution.

At the conclusion of the recess Judge Ambler overruled the objections of the defendant's counsel and permitted Mr. Getz to say that Sarah had admitted to shooting on the way from "Honkeytonk" to the city prison.

PATROLMAN ERTLE.

Patrolman Ertle, of the Massillon police force, was the next witness for the prosecution. He said that he had conversed with Sarah Robinson between 8 and 9 o'clock on the night of the shooting at the city lockup. He said that Prosecutor Day, Patrolman Ernest Wismar and himself first visited her and after she had been released from the cell talked with her. He said that Sarah when asked why she had shot McNair replied, "I did not shoot him. He shot himself." Shortly after Mayor Wise, Charles Wise and Marshal Kitchen arrived and the mayor asked Sarah a similar question. She told the mayor that she had shot McNair and said that if she had thought she had not fixed him the first time she would have gone back and shot him again.

PATROLMAN WISMAR.

Patrolman Ernest Wismar followed Patrolman Ertle. In his testimony in the main he corroborated the statements of Patrolman Ertle. He said that the mayor told Sarah she had better tell the truth and it was then that she admitted having done the shooting. Patrolman Wismar said that the accused had made the further statement that it was her first intention to shoot him when he was asleep but that she changed her mind. Both Officers Ertle and Wismar were put through a rigid cross-examination but insisted that their testimony was correct. The counsel for the defendant objected to the introduction of the testimony for the same reason interposed in the case of Getz but were over-ruled.

THE FIRST MEETING.

**W. A. Allbaugh Company is
Organized.**

At the stockholders' meeting of the W. A. Allbaugh Petroleum Company, held in the office in the Pille building, Wednesday evening, the following officers and directors were elected: W. A. Allbaugh, president and general manager; William Heitzman, vice president; F. A. Brown, secretary; W. L. Bechtel, treasurer; F. O. Schoedinger, of Columbus. The company claims to have some of the best oil territory in Butler county, Pa., and will develop it as fast as possible, having now one well whose production is claimed to be fifty barrels a day.

THE NEW WHEAT.

**It is Reported to be of Superior
Quality.**

New wheat is coming to the local market, and it is reported to be of superior quality. The weight, said Miller Neal today, runs from 61 to 63 pounds to the bushel. Originally wheat weighs 59 or 60 pounds to the bushel. The berry is well filled and plump, and in every respect the wheat is of better quality than the ordinary product. It is more than usually clean, too, the absence of chaff being conspicuous. The Massillon price for new wheat is 70 cents a bushel.

Mr. A. A. Slusser, Louisville, O.: Dear Sir—Want to thank you for recommending your Liver Pills to me for Constipation and Liver Trouble, with which I have been afflicted for several years, and can cheerfully recommend them to all sufferers of the same trouble, as they have done me much good.

ELI BECHER.

MURDER TRIAL SUDDENLY ENDS.

**Accused Pleads Guilty to
Manslaughter.**

SENTENCE NOT YET IMPOSED.

**Sarah Robinson, Charged with
Killing Walter McNair in
Massillon, April 14, will be
Sent to the Penitentiary for
From One to Twenty Years,
as the Court May Direct—
Considerable Expense Saved
the State and County.**

The trial of Sarah Robinson, indicted for murder in the first degree, and accused of killing Walter McNair, by shooting, in Massillon, April 14, has suddenly ended. After the state's evidence of Thursday, the counsel for the defense realized the futility of further striving for acquittal and upon their advice, and with the consent of Prosecuting Attorney R. H. Day, the Robinson woman entered a plea of guilty to manslaughter. By permitting her to do this a considerable amount of expense is saved, as the case would surely have continued till the latter part of next week. The jury costs \$24 a day, there were between thirty and forty witnesses at \$1 a day each, the attorneys' fees would be all the greater and the court costs generally would have to be paid. Prosecuting Attorney Day and his associate, C. C. Bow, have worked hard, and the mountain of evidence which they erected during the first few days of the trial is what brought the case to so abrupt an end. The penalty for manslaughter may be from 1 to 20 years in the penitentiary. The sentence will not be imposed today.

Immediately after accepting her plea, the accused was removed from court room No. 1 to court room No. 2, where witnesses for the defendant were examined in private. Their testimony was introduced by the counsel for the defendant that the court might be informed as to the extent of the provocation which led up to the shooting and as to mitigating circumstances if there were any, before sentence is passed on the accused. In all fairness to the accused the counsel for the state agreed not to interfere in any way with the examination of these witnesses. The evidence on the part of the state, with the exception of the death-bed statements of McNair, had all been introduced in open court and it was agreed that the principal witnesses for the defense should be examined by the court before passing sentence upon the accused.

When court convened at 8:30 o'clock Judge Ambler had under advisement the admissibility of the alleged death-bed statements of McNair to Dr. Dimon and Pumphrey, of Massillon. The jury was excused ostensibly for the purpose of permitting the further consideration of the question as to whether McNair made the statements in full realization of impending death. In fact, however, the jury was excused while the proposition of accepting a plea of guilty of manslaughter was taken under consideration.

Before court convened Friday morning Attorneys McCarty and Shetler submitted the proposition to the attorneys for the state that they would permit their client to enter a plea of guilty to manslaughter providing that it would be acceptable to the state. The only condition made by the defense was that the court should hear evidence as to provocation for the shooting before sentence was passed. After much consultation between the attorneys for the state and counsel for the defendant with the court it was finally agreed to accept the plea. In the meantime the crowd which filled the space in the rear of the railing became uneasy and anxious as to the proceedings.

At 10:30 o'clock Judge Ambler took his place on the bench and requested the defendant to stand up. Sarah Robinson, who had acquiesced in the matter of pleading guilty to manslaughter, slowly arose and faced the court.

"I am informed by your counsel that you desire to withdraw your former plea of not guilty to the indictment and that the state has consented to accept a plea of manslaughter under the indictment to which you wish to plea."

"Yes, sir," said the accused in a

quiet and scarcely audible tone.

"Do you desire the reading of the indictment of which you had a copy?"

"No, sir," was the response.

"Are you guilty or not guilty of manslaughter under this indictment?" was the next question of the court.

"Guilty," replied the prisoner in a calm, clear voice and without a tremor.

Judge Ambler then excused the jury and ordered the witnesses for the defendant to remain.

Prosecutor Day said that he expected to ask the court to pass sentence upon the accused as soon as the testimony submitted by the defense in mitigation of the crime is concluded. The evidence of Drs. Pumphrey and Dimon concerning the alleged death-bed statements of McNair would have been to the effect that McNair said the shooting was done while he was drawing a glass of beer and that there was a white woman in the case which caused Sarah's jealousy.

The trial lasted four days before an agreement was reached accepting a plea of guilty of manslaughter. The indications are that it would have occupied the greater part of next week as the defense had many witnesses subpoenaed to prove self defense and justifiable homicide on which grounds it was their intention to ask for an acquittal. Some time before the trial began there was a proposition made to permit a plea of guilty to manslaughter. This was not accepted by the counsel for the defendant at the time for the reason that the court would not state in advance what penalty would be imposed and because the counsel for Sarah thought even a better verdict than that might be reached. The sudden end of the trial in the manner it did appears to be satisfactory to all concerned.

Prosecutor Day said: "The circumstances were such that I hardly felt justified in continuing the case. We would not have gotten better than second degree murder and the chances were that a verdict of manslaughter would have been returned. Attorney Bow and I agreed that a plea of guilty to manslaughter would be proper to accept. Had the case gone on it would have added much expense to the county. As it is the county has nothing to pay but the jurors' fees and the fees of counsel."

Attorneys Shetler and McCarty expressed themselves as well satisfied with getting their client off with manslaughter. Attorney Shetler said that they could hardly have expected a better verdict at the hands of the jury and that it was deemed best not to imperil their client further.

VERDICT TUESDAY.

**Witnesses Examined in Case of
Sarah Robinson.**

Canton, July 19.—The examination of important witnesses subpoenaed for the defense in the case of Sarah Robinson, who pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the shooting of Walter McNair, for the purpose of showing much provocation and fear on her part, was concluded before Judge Ambler Friday afternoon. The examination of these witnesses was in private none being present but the court, the attorneys for the state and the counsel for the defendant and the prisoner. A number of witnesses were examined. Their testimony went to show that McNair had threatened Sarah's life and that it looked as if he was reaching for a revolver when he stooped behind the bar at the time of the shooting. Witnesses testified that they saw a revolver lying on the work board where the glasses were kept underneath the bar. Attorney McCarty, for the defendant, informed the court that he had several affidavits which he also desired to file in connection with the case and Judge Ambler adjourned the proceedings until Tuesday when it is expected that sentence will be passed.

AKRON'S HOSPITAL.

**\$100,000 to be Spent on Ad-
ditional Buildings.**

Akron, July 19.—Although announcement had been made that Col. George T. Perkins and O. C. Barber had given \$12,500 each to the Akron city hospital, not until today was it publicly announced that additions to the present hospital to cost \$100,000 are to be erected and that all the money for the expense has been secured. Simultaneously with the making of this announcement ground was broken for the additions. These will amount in fact to a new hospital and the present structure will become a home for the matron and attaches. The main building of the new hospital will be of colonial style and built of brick and stone. The city hospital is a private charitable institution supported in part by the city. The new structure will make its capacity sixty-five beds.

Get a package of Mapl-Flake from your grocer.

RICHVILLE HAS NO POSTOFFICE.

**Postmistress Resigns Af-
ter Long Service.**

CHARGE OF OFFICE 30 YEARS.

**Richville Mail Now Goes to
Massillon, Navarre and Can-
ton—A Conference in Massil-
lon to Take Up the Matter.**

The people of Richville are getting their mail these days everywhere but at home. The town has had no post-office since June 30, when the resignation of Mrs. Elizabeth Wilcox, for thirty years the postmistress, went into effect. No one in the village could be induced to become Mrs. Wilcox's successor. Everyone approached claimed that they could not make enough money to pay expenses. Now Richville mail goes to Navarre, Massillon and Canton, residents are never sure which.

State Representative C. W. Metzger, who lives at Richville, came to Massillon Saturday to confer with George Pate, of Youngstown, rural route inspector of this district, in regard to the matter. Mr. Pate has promised that Richville shall have some kind of direct mail accommodation. Routes have been suggested from Navarre and Massillon, but, it is believed, the final decision will be a general extension of routes from Massillon, Navarre and Canton, each taking in a certain part of the Richville vicinity. Most of the people of Richville want their mail to come through the Massillon postoffice, and they protest against a mail route out of Navarre. Massillon is where they do their shopping and marketing, and they want this to be their postoffice.

TAX DUPLICATE FOR 1902.

**Taxable Property Amounts to
\$14,014,965.**

Canton, July 19.—Auditor W. M. Reed has completed the tax duplicate of the personal property in Stark county for the year 1902. The total values of all taxable property excepting the per capita tax on dogs amounts to \$14,014,965. The total is greater than a year ago notwithstanding the fact that the insurance tax has been abolished. The total one year ago was \$13,736,686. The duplicate shows the following returns for the county:

Number of horses 11,564, value \$748,891; cattle 27,742, value \$514,046; mules 361, value \$19,897; sheep 19,971, value \$55,739; hogs 23,199, value \$107,922; carriages 5,260, value \$140,077; watches 2,549, value \$30,731; pianos and organs 5,592, value \$183,231; merchants' stock, value \$107,980; manufacturers' stock, value \$785,438; monies, \$2,053,477; credits, \$2,449,571; monies in bonds and stocks, \$114,353; dogs, value \$1,501; bank and railroad property, \$1,726,580; total value of all taxable property except per capita tax on dogs, \$14,014,965. The number of male dogs listed is 4,091 and the number of female dogs 168.

IS HE TO LEAVE?

**The Rev. Dr. Transue Will Not
Discuss Matter.**

It is reported that the Rev. J. E. Transue, pastor of the A. M. E. Zion church, has received a call from another congregation. Mr. Transue, however, declines to make any statement concerning the matter. Mr. Transue says that from a religious point of view his stay in Massillon has been very profitable, other view points, however, it has been different. Mr. and Mrs. Transue, with a church delegate to be appointed later, will leave Tuesday for Youngstown to attend the district conference of the African M. E. church. They will remain in Akron several days.

REMOVED TO INFIRMARY.

**Aged Navarre Couple Taken to
Canton.**

Infirmary Director Hardgrove was in the city today on his way to Navarre, where he arranged for the removal of an aged couple, Mr. Izaiah Swihart and wife, to the county infirmary. Mr. and Mrs. Swihart are in destitute circumstances, and at times are almost helpless. Neighbors have been assisting them.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1867.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on
sale at Baker's Book Store, Ham-
met's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad),
and Hank's News stand in
North Mill street.



MONDAY, JULY 21, 1902

Venice is taking it for granted that the campanile which fell in ruins the other day is to be rebuilt. Here in America we not only allow our few historic buildings to fall into decay without the slightest effort to restore or preserve them, but in many instances, we pull them down.

The recently issued order of the postmaster general providing that after October 1 each person desiring rural free delivery must erect his own mail box, conforming to certain approved specifications which will then bring it under government protection, will doubtless be gladly received by country residents and its requirements carefully fulfilled.

The suitability of the man who is to take Congressman R. W. Taylor's place as representative of the Eighteenth district is more to be considered than the right of one particular county to furnish the candidate for that position. Mahoning county has never had a representative in congress and on that account feels that it is entitled to recognition. Manifest fitness alone, however, should govern the nomination. This is the only rule of political fairness worthy of consideration.

Having bought a hornet's nest, the only thing to do is to protect ourselves from being stung in more places than can possibly be helped, and by any device that comes handy.

This is the Cleveland Plain Dealer's extremely misleading way of referring to the difficulties attendant upon the establishment of order in the Philippines which are being met and overcome with immense credit to the American army and the representatives of the American administration. That these difficulties have been created and augmented largely through the instrumentality of that portion of the American press represented by the Plain Dealer renders such misrepresentation not only inconsistent out despicable.

The common sense of the United Mine Workers in listening to and following the wise counsel of President Mitchell has averted the fear of a general coal strike and made stronger the hope of an early settlement of the difficulties between the anthracite workers and the railroads. Through the generosity of the soft coal miners the anthracite workers will be enabled to meet the pressing wants of their families thus averting one of the most dreaded eventualities of the coal strike—the suffering of women and children. The ground taken by President Mitchell and upheld by the convention against the repudiation of contracts has justified the confidence of the public in the honor of the mine workers. Altogether the outcome of the gathering at Indianapolis is a cause for general satisfaction.

The importations of iron and steel manufactures have materially increased during the past three years and exportations have materially decreased. The cause of this change is discussed in the report of the Iron and Steel Association, which concludes with this warning: "The figures of increased imports and decreased exports of iron and steel should not be hastily dismissed by our iron and steel manufacturers. We hope that they will lead them instead to dismiss the thought that the world's markets for iron and steel are to be easily captured and held. The activity in our export trade in iron and steel in the last few years was exceptional and abnormal. Not only is Europe adopting our improved methods of manufacture, but it will always have cheap labor, and by these agencies it can hold its own markets and actively and aggressively contend for the possession of neutral markets. For our iron and steel industries, as well as for all other domestic manufacturing industries, our home market must always be our best market."

Attention has been called to the fact that for some unaccountable reason our census and agricultural department statisticians have never given the farmer credit for his work. The census of 1890 valued our farm products at only \$2,460,107,454, which is too small by half. Our farm products today are worth \$8,000,000,000 or \$9,000,000,000. Even the census of 1890 will concede a value of \$5,000,000,000. But most statisticians do not consider

that the farmer and his family consume anything themselves, while it is a fact that the American farmer's family is the most bountiful liver of any people on earth. Consider the meat and fowl, the butter and eggs and milk and cheese, the potatoes and other vegetables, the corn and wheat and rye and oats, all the products of the farmer that go onto his table and into his barn, and remember there are 30,000,000 who consume as much as the remaining 48,000,000 of our people, for the farmer's table does not weigh or measure or count, but is always filled with enough and to spare. Consider all this and it will be seen that the products of agriculture sold and consumed by the farmers are near, if not quite \$9,000,000,000 in value.

The Democratic press is pursuing the time honored plan of seeking to spread discontent among the wage earners of the country by convincing them that they have no share in the existing prosperity. The Sandusky Register, for example, disputes a recent assertion of the American Economist that the dollar a day average of a few years ago has given place to the \$2 a day average of the present, and asserts that if all classes of laborers are included—the ditch diggers, the street workers, the farm hands, the hewers of wood and the drawers of water—the average wage will not reach \$2 per day. Dogmatically and without any pretense of proof in support of the statement we are told that there are any number of men in any state of this union dependent upon manual labor for the support of themselves and their families who do not receive \$1.50 a day, and many of them have many more idle days than legal holidays and Sundays. All this might be true, says the Economist, and still the average wage rate for adult men be even more than \$2 a day. It is, however, useless to quibble about the precise rate of increase that has taken place under protection and prosperity. That a tremendous increase has taken place no sane person can for a moment dispute. Not alone has the individual rate increased, but the sum total of wages paid today is probably double what it was six years ago under the Wilson-Gorman free trade tariff law.

A HOME COURSE OF STUDY.

A young woman who prevailed on her parents to send her to one of the fashionable seminaries underwent a social evolution inside of a year that made the old folks wonder just where they were at. Her letters grew less affectionate and more affected with the passing of the months; she mapped out and carried into effect an itinerary for her vacation of last summer that gave her exactly seven nights at home in more than thirteen weeks; her clothes for the period cost her father nearly \$600; and her mother found herself principally engaged in keeping track of the blooming scholar's gowns. When she returned to the seminary in September there was no improvement from the parents' viewpoint. She graduated, however, with some honors, and bounced home a few weeks ago to inform her father that she was now ready to undertake a special course in "psychology, sociology, bib—"

The old man stopped her right there, and said:

"Now, see here, girl, we've put up with this sort of thing nigh onto two years, and we've had enough. I've no doubt you've done yourself proud after a fashion; but mother and me has concluded that you'll stop at home, let her have a bit of rest, and that you'll take up roastology, bibliography, stichology, darnology, washology, and general domesticology, and you'd best begin tomorrow, girl, by gettin' breakfast ready for dad."—Philadelphia Times.

REUNION CLOSSES.

Officers of "McKinley's Own" Elected.

The reunion of the Eighth regiment, "McKinley's own," closed Friday night with a big military ball at the pavilion at Meyer's lake. Several hundred couples were on the floor, promenading and dancing to the music of the Grand Army band. At the closing business session Friday morning a committee was appointed to formulate the new constitution.

The veterans completed the organization of the Eighth regiment, O. V. I. association of war veterans and elected the officers for the year as follows: Commander, William F. Hanley, of East Liverpool; Major W. W. Waybrecht, of Alliance, vice commander; Fred Oschman, of East Liverpool, adjutant; Lieutenant W. K. Taylor, of East Salem, quartermaster. The next reunion will be in East Liverpool.

DROWNED WHILE FISHING.

Jackson, Miss., July 19.—Miss Lotta Miller, of Holland, Mich., was drowned in Pearl river while fishing with a party of friends. She was visiting the family of her sister, Mrs. Frank Vogel.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles.—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

WRECK AT ELYRIA.

Trolley Car Crashes Through a Building.

Elyria, July 19.—A street railway wreck occurred early yesterday on the Lorain & Elyria line at Elyria, by which a building was entered by a motor car that crashed through the structure, badly wrecking it and protruding two feet into the back yard. Motorman Gaudern, returning to his home in Elyria, was so badly injured that he will die. There were twenty-three passengers on board the car when it left the track at a bend on Lodi street at Elyria. Nearly all of the passengers were slightly injured. Miss Tyler, of Elyria, sustained a broken nose. Berry Blackner had his shoulder dislocated. Motorman Elmer Newman and Conductor Perry Bowman escaped with slight injuries.

NEARBY TOWNS.

DALTON.
Dalton, July 21.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Weiss spent several days last week visiting friends and relatives at Dundee and Shanesville.

Mrs. H. B. Jameson is at Cleveland, waiting on her husband, on whom an operation was performed last week.

Mrs. William Wenger, of Burton City, spent several days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Eckard.

Mr. and Mrs. Nick Hewick, of West Lebanon, visited a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. John Nonon. Miss Eva Rudy returned home last week after several weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Harper, at Kent, O.

Mr. Rowe, of Connellsville, Pa., and Miss McCoy, of Uniontown, Pa., are visiting Mrs. M. Gibson, in West Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Kittinger and Miss Grace Fisher, of Canal Fulton, visited with Mr. and Mrs. David Morrow Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Kline, of Massillon, spent Sunday with Mrs. Kline's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Freet, in West Main street.

Miss Bessie Race returned home Wednesday after several weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. W. T. Hurst, at Pittsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Snodgrass left today for an extended visit with friends and relatives at Barberton, Akron and Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence McClintock, of Pittsburg, Pa., returned home Sunday, after six weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. John Cole, in Schultz avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Eberwein, of Massillon, visited Monday and Tuesday with Dalton friends, the guests of Mrs. Eberwein's sister, Mrs. E. Houghton.

The Rev. and Mrs. J. G. Madge and Miss Emma Farrell, of Carrollton, O., are visiting friends here, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Stinson, in South Mill street.

Messrs. Orin Schultz, Willis Selers and Joe Gochbauer, of East Liverpool, who have been visiting their parents the past week, returned Monday.

Miss Dessie Bailey, who has made her home here the past few years, went to Massillon Wednesday, to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Bailey.

The Rev. J. Torbet and daughter, Miss Mary, of Wadsworth, visited Dalton friends last week, returning Saturday morning. The Rev. Mr. Torbet assisted at the tent meetings held at East Greenville.

Miss Lillian Trout, of Orrville, and Mrs. Charles Myers, of Dalton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Lewis, of Somerdale, over Sunday, and had the pleasure of hearing the Hobo band of Canal Dover.

HILL DIDN'T SEE PRESIDENT.

Denial That Alice Roosevelt Is Engaged to Lieut. Clark.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 19.—Arrangements were completed partially Thursday evening for former Senator Hill, who came to Oyster Bay to spend the night with William F. Sheehan, to meet the president at Sagamore Hill, but it was found impossible to fix upon a time that would be convenient to both. Senator Hill returned to New York yesterday without meeting Mr. Roosevelt.

The president passed yesterday morning at Sagamore Hill transacting some routine business with Assistant Secretary Loeb. Early in the day no callers of importance visited him, although two former members of Mr. Roosevelt's regiment rode out to pay their respects.

The reported engagement of Miss Alice Roosevelt to Lieutenant Robert Sterling Clark, of New York, a son of Mrs. Alfred Corning Clark, is emphatically denied by authority of the president. Miss Roosevelt has not even a personal acquaintance with Lieutenant Clark.

Honors Shown Andrew Carnegie.

London, July 19.—The freedom of St. Andrews, Scotland, was conferred yesterday afternoon on Andrew Carnegie, Lord Elgin and Lord Balfour of Burleigh, trustees of the Carnegie university fund. Provost Welsh eulogized their services and dwelt on Mr. Carnegie's eminent zeal for the welfare of his fellowmen.

PLANS OF THE WAR GAME

Army and Navy to Engage in a Mimic Conflict.

ALL WILL BE IN FIGHTING TRIM

Hostile Fleet From Europe to Approach and Attack Atlantic Coast Ports About Newport Without Warning—Searchlights and Watchers Will Be Employed.

A condition approximating actual war will exist along the New England coast on land and sea for the period of a week about the middle of August, writes a Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press. Every fort along Long Island sound and the Connecticut and Rhode Island coasts will be manned by trained artilleries. Every war vessel along the eastern seaboard will be called to form a part of a squadron that will attack these forts.

The fall maneuvers is what this movement is designated. The navy is to attack and the artillery is to defend against the invasion. It will be the greatest thing of its kind that this country has ever seen. Never before has there been anything approaching the proposed maneuvers on this side of the Atlantic.

Some idea of the magnitude of this undertaking can be obtained from the number and character of the warships that will participate. Rear Admiral Higginson will be in charge of the evolutions, with Rear Admiral Coghlan as second in command. The flagship of the squadron will be the Kearsarge. The other battleships and cruisers will include the Alabama, Massachusetts, Brooklyn, Olympia, Montgomery, Panther and Prairie.

The general plan of the maneuvers indicates that this array of warships is to constitute a hostile fleet approaching from Europe and having in view the subjugation and reduction of all the forts contiguous to Newport and that portion of Long Island shore south.

The attacking squadron will be in fighting trim, with all temporary or movable gear sent below and the decks cleared for action. All the concomitants of war conditions, including the play of searchlights and the eternal vigilance of officers and men, will be employed.

"It will be as nearly a condition of war as it is possible to secure," said a naval official the other day. "There will be no child's play about it. The movement of the vessels will be protected by as much secrecy as though they were bent on a bona fide hostile mission. Newspapers will be given no information. They will be left to shift for themselves. The same will be true of the army. It will be an artillery duel, and beyond a mere general idea as to the character of the maneuvers the two branches of the service will act entirely independent of each other."

General Randolph, chief of the artillery arm, will not be acquainted with the day and hour when this hostile fleet will appear above the horizon. Its coming must be detected by his own officers stationed in the various forts along the sound.

The forts that will play conspicuous parts along Long Island and the adjacent mainland are Fort Adams at Newport, Forts Wright, Mansfield, Michie, Terry, Trumbull, Slocum, Schuyler and Totten. Watchers by day and by night will wait for the approach of this fleet and signal its appearance to the other artillery stations along the coast.

Particular efforts will be made to keep the newspapers of the country from obtaining any facts whatever about the maneuvers of the squadron or the defensive preparations and operations of the artillery establishments on the mainland. Newspapers will be compelled to hire their own boats and gather their information under the same difficult conditions that prevailed during the Spanish war. Officers who are detected in giving away information or furnishing anything concerning the maneuvers to newspaper correspondents will be dealt with by their commanding officers in summary fashion.

During the Spanish-American war the press associations were permitted to have a correspondent on the flagship of each fleet. This will not be permitted during the maneuvers. At the forts the greatest efforts will be taken to prevent any civilians from obtaining information of any kind whatever.

Two ideas prevail as to the movement of the hostile fleet under Admiral Higginson. One is that it will rendezvous off Portsmouth and proceed south, making its appearance off Newport from the north. Another is that it will rendezvous off the southern coast of Long Island and make the invasion from there, sweeping down the sound under cover of darkness. No one, unless it be Admiral Taylor of the bureau of navigation, the secretary of the navy and the commanding officers of the fleet, is in possession of this secret, and it will remain a secret until the fleet meets in rendezvous.

The maneuvers will be the spectacle of a decade. The warships in their fighting trim, the forts blazing out with their big guns, and by night the glow of signal fires on land and sea and the sweep of searchlights will present a spectacle the like of which the cities and towns of Long Island from Newport to Norwalk have never seen.

Robbed of Speech.

"My husband never speaks except to repeat all the clever things I say." "Why, I never knew the poor fellow was dumb."—New York World.

DON'T WAIT.

Take Advantage of Massillon Citizens' Experience Before. It's Too Late.

When the back begins to ache. Don't wait till backache becomes chronic.

Till serious kidney troubles develop. Till urinary troubles destroy night's rest.

Profit by a Massillon citizen's experience.

Mr. O. C. Brady, of 52 Andrew street, says: "Our knowledge of Doan's Kidney Pills dates back some three years. During that time we have used a number of boxes in our family, buying them at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, 12 South Erie street. The results have always been so satisfactory that we have no hesitation in emphatically endorsing the preparation. We have on more than one occasion recommended it to people whom we know are suffering from kidney complaint."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Louisville, O., Dec. 24, 1898. Slusser Pharmacy—I wish to say that I have used your Pills as a laxative and for Torpid Liver, and must truly say they are the best and mildest I ever used.

MRS. SARAH STUMP.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

Low Fares to Mt. Vernon, O., via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets at one fare for round trip will be sold to Mt. Vernon, O., account Ohio Baptist Assembly, July 21st, 22nd, 24th, 26th and 28th, via Pennsylvania lines. See Ticket Agents.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.

Wheat.....	78
Loose hay, new per ton.....	\$6-37
Loose hay, old.....	\$8-30
Baled hay.....	\$10-11
Straw, per ton.....	\$5 00 60
Corn.....	70
Oats.....	45
Clover Seed.....	5 00
Salt, per barrel.....	\$ 1 00
Timothy Seed.....	2 00
Rye, per bu.....	56
Barley.....	50
Flax seed.....	1 50
Wool (best medium).....	13-20
Wool (fine).....	12-14

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, (new) per bushel..... 50-60

White beans..... 1 75

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY

Butter..... 16-18

Eggs (fresh)..... 16

Spring Chickens..... 25-30

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham..... 11

Shoulder..... 08

Cheese..... 12-13

The following are retail prices:

Bras, per 100 lbs..... 1 10

Middlings, per 100 lbs..... 1 15

For estimates on the total vote for governor in the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Michigan on the 4th day of November, 1902.

\$25,000 IN CASH PRIZES.

For estimates on the total vote for governor in the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Michigan on the 4th day of November, 1902.

First Prize, \$10,000. Second Prize, \$3,000. Third Prize, \$1,000.

Five Special Prizes of \$1,000 Each for Early Estimates.

CONDITIONS OF THIS GREAT CONTEST.

Certificates securing to the holder any prizes which his estimates may entitle him to receive, will be sent as follows:—
THE PILGRIM for 12 months and FOUR certificates for \$100.
THE PILGRIM for 9 months and THREE certificates for 75c.
THE PILGRIM for 6 months and TWO certificates for 50c.
THE PILGRIM for 3 months and ONE certificate for 25c.
These amounts are the regular subscription rates for THE PILGRIM for their respective periods.

Estimates alone, without THE PILGRIM, 15 cents each.
The contest will close at midnight, Nov. 3, 1902, and no estimate received after that hour will be allowed.

HERE IS THE LIST OF PRIZES

To the nearest correct estimator.....	\$10 000.00
To the second nearest correct estimator.....	3 000.00
To the third nearest correct estimator.....	1 000.00
To the fourth nearest correct estimator.....	500.00
To the fifth nearest correct estimator.....	200.00
To the sixth nearest correct estimator.....	100.00
To the next 12 nearest correct estimators, \$15 each.....	180.00
To the next 27 nearest correct estimators, \$10 each.....	270.00
To the next 950 nearest correct estimators, \$5 each.....	4,750.00
Five special prizes of \$1,000.00 each for early estimates.....	5,000.00

One Thousand Prizes, amounting to.....\$25,000.00
In case of a tie or that two or more estimators are equally correct, prizes will be divided equally between them.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.
To aid in forming your estimates, we furnish the following data: Pennsylvania elects a governor only once in four years. Michigan elects a governor every two years, and since 1894 New York has elected a governor every two years.

The total aggregate vote for governor in these three states in 1894 and 1898, the years in which all three states elected governors at the same time, was as follows:
In 1894 the vote was 2,652,000.
In 1898 the vote was 2,752,000.

What will the vote be on Nov. 4, 1902? Figure it out or guess at it and send in your estimates. It may mean \$10,000 in cash to you.

The official certificates of the secretaries of the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Michigan, showing the combined total vote for governor in these three states, will determine who are entitled to the prizes, and the awards will be made by a committee of prominent judges within 30 days after the official vote is known.

CERTIFICATE OF BANK PRESIDENT.
I hereby certify that the Press Publishing Association has deposited \$25,000 in the Central Savings Bank, Detroit, Michigan, for the express purpose of paying the prizes to those making the nearest correct estimates of the Total Aggregate Vote cast for the Office of Governor in the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Michigan on the 4th day of November, 1902, and that this fund can be used for no other purpose.
W. A. PRINGS,
President Central Savings Bank.

ORDER BLANK.

(how long)

Enclosed find \$.....for THE PILGRIM.....and

.....estimates.

Name.....

Postoffice.....State.....

My estimates of vote for governor in the three states are:

.....

Additional estimates 15 cents each.

Remember that the Capital Prize is \$10,000, and that there are Five Special Prizes of \$1,000 each for Early Estimates. Sample copy of THE PILGRIM sent on request.

Send all orders to—
The Profit-Sharing Bureau, THE PILGRIM, Battle Creek, Mich.

Harvest Time Is Here

Now is the time to get your

Machinery Oil, Engine Oil, Hay

Hooks. Ropes and Pulleys,

Cistern Pumps, Step Ladders, Ladders,

New Lawn Mowers. Gasoline for sale.

Lawn Mowers Sharpened 50 cents.

Flexible Door Hangers, Tracks, Roofing

Paint, guaranteed for five years. Linseed

Oil, Paints, Varnishes, Oil Cloth, Lin-

oleum.

All kinds of Repairing. Saws Filed

Be sure and call at

J. R. SMITH'S

Bicycle and Hardware Store,

Farmers Phone No. 335 76 W. Main St.

MASSILLON, O.

OBERLIN Business College

A FINE For 10c. cost of mailing, we will send our Compendium of Pen-
manship to anyone intending to
enter a Business College. A fine
illustrated Prospectus free. Address Dept. B.
Oberlin Business College, Oberlin, Ohio.

SEASON OF 1902.

The following described Stallions and

Jack will make the Season of 1902 at our

barn on

THE DALTON STOCK FARM,

14 Miles Northeast of Dalton, O.

The Percheron Stallion Petit Poucet was imported by Bell Bros., is 5 years old; a dark dappled gray, and weighs 2,000 pounds when in good flesh. He has proven himself a good breeder and was a Prize-Winner at the Pan-American Exposition.

Terms—\$12 to insure a colt 10 days old. We also have a German Coach Stallion at the same barns. This horse, the property of Bell Bros., is a seal brown, 4 years old, and weighs about 1800 pounds. He is a very handsome horse, a great actor and a sure breeder.

Terms—\$10 to insure a colt ten days old. Care will be taken, but will not be responsible for accidents.

Also a pure bred SPANISH JACK. This Jack is a black, 16 hands high, weighs 1100 pounds, heavy

"NO STRIKE" CHEERED

Delegates Applauded Mitchell

When He Told Them to
Get Rid of Idea.

AN ASSESSMENT IS LIKELY.

It May Be 10 Per Cent or More—The

Matter Referred to a Committee

Yesterday Afternoon, Who Were to
Report This Morning.

Indianapolis, July 19.—At the conclusion of a secret session, which lasted the entire afternoon yesterday, the recommendations of President Mitchell for the management of the anthracite strike were referred to a special committee, which is to report back to the convention this morning. This committee consists of President Mitchell, Vice President Lewis, Secretary Wilson, and the president of each district which is taking part in the convention. There was little doubt that the committee will urge the adoption of the recommendations, and fix the rate of assessment at 10 per cent or higher.

Lewis Spoke on Haskins' Amendment. At the opening of the executive session Vice President Lewis took the floor and delivered an energetic speech on the amendment offered by Delegate Haskins, in the morning, to the effect that the fund to be raised in aid of the anthracite miners be extended to all of the striking miners where their strike has been sanctioned by the general organization. He declared that he thought all the miners should be taken care of in like manner. He also warned the convention that it would be necessary for the convention to so word its recommendations as to avoid the laws of Pennsylvania, which, he said, might cause trouble when an attempt should be made to collect the assessments of the men through the check offices by bringing an injunction to restrain alleged conspiracy.

President Mitchell then took the floor to speak for the adoption of the recommendations made in his speech of Thursday. In part he told the convention that the strikes in West Virginia and elsewhere were being protected by the general organization under assessments of the union, but that the assessment which was under discussion was necessary for the support of the anthracite strike alone, and should not be diverted from its purpose.

Told Them Not to Think of Strike. Mr. Mitchell assured that the strike in the Pittsburgh district and all other strikes would be looked after without splitting up the fund for the anthracite men, and again urged the men to dismiss from their minds the idea of a general strike. His remarks were greeted with enthusiastic cheers.

President Dolan, of district number 5, Pittsburgh, secured the floor to explain conditions in his district. He had said in the morning session that his district had not received aid, that the aid it had received had been in sufficient, and President Mitchell had rejoined that the district had received from the national organization the exact sum which the officers of the district had said would be necessary to win the district. Mr. Dolan made a long explanation of the manner in which the money had been expended and told of the conditions in the district surrounding Pittsburgh. When Mr. Dolan had concluded several delegates made short speeches asking the convention to hasten matters. A vote was then taken on the Haskins amendment and it was voted down by a decisive majority. This left before the convention the original motion for the adoption of the recommendations of the president.

A number of amendments were then offered, all relating to the manner in which the assessment should be made. One by Mr. Ryan, of Illinois, favored 10 per cent of the net earnings of the members of the union; another, by Vice President Lewis, ten per cent of the gross earnings, and a third, by Secretary Wilson, suggested that in some districts the assessment should be made on the percentage basis, and in others on the basis of \$1 per week.

Committee to Consider Matter. These were all pending when Secretary Wilson offered an amendment that the matter be referred to a committee consisting of the three highest officers of the national organization, and the presidents of the districts represented in the convention. This prevailed and an adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock this morning.

At the conclusion of the session Secretary Wilson said: "It will cost \$500,000 weekly to support the men now on strike in the various districts. An assessment of \$1 a week will bring in \$250,000 a week, an assessment of 10 per cent per week upon each member of the union will result in about the same sum. This will leave us \$250,000 to raise each week from outside sources and from the promises an offers that have been made us, we are confident we will be able to do this."

Earthquake Shock in New York. Malone, N. Y., July 19.—A distinct earthquake shock was felt in Malone yesterday morning at 5:25. It lasted about 10 seconds. Many persons were awakened by the rumbling and the rattling of windows.

ROOT Praised the Guardsmen.

So Did Generals With Him, After
Pennsylvanians Marched
Passed Them.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 19.—Secretary of War Elihu Root and a party of regular army officers yesterday visited the famous battlefield where the entire division of the national guard of Pennsylvania, numbering more than 5,000 men, has been in camp this week. The secretary was honored with a "march past." Accompanying Mr. Root were Adjutant General Corbin, Brigadier Generals Wood, Bates and Randolph, Colonel Carter, Major Dunn and Lieutenant Clark. The party were escorted to division headquarters by the First City Troop and the Sheridan Troop. Upon their arrival at headquarters they were welcomed by Governor Stone and Major General Miller. Battery B fired a salute in honor of the secretary. The visitors were driven through the camp and after luncheon the entire division paraded past the Washington officials. Secretary Root and the army officers complimented the national guard commanders upon the fine soldierly appearance and the good discipline of the men. The party left camp at 7 o'clock last night.

The breaking up of the camp began yesterday afternoon. The regiments having the farthest to travel were the first to go. The Fifteenth and Eighteenth regiments struck their camp early in the afternoon, and the former command left for home before 6 o'clock. Other regiments were to leave during last night. The First brigade was to depart this morning and the Third during the day.

COMPANIES CAN CONSOLIDATE.

Opinion Filed by Dauphin County, Pa.,
Court.

Harrisburg, July 19.—The Dauphin county court filed an opinion yesterday morning deciding that electric light and gas companies chartered under the general corporation act of 1874 may consolidate. The question arose in the case of a bill filed by the commonwealth at the instance of the attorney general to enjoin the Huntingdon Gas company and the Huntingdon Electric Light company from consolidating.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

At Toledo, O., slot machines worth \$300 were demolished by the police.

A mad dog at Hamersville, O., bit several canines, and 19 of them were shot.

At North Baltimore, O., James W. Tyner, aged 65, fell from a load of hay to the ground and may die.

At Springfield, O., the body of Edward Cummings, the 3-year-old son of Dr. W. R. Cummings, of Kansas City, was buried. The boy drank gasoline.

At Springfield, O., A. C. Walker, grocer, filed an affidavit against Charles McKinley, charging him with embezzling \$65. His home is in Chicago.

At Xenia, O., the heirs of George Wilson filed suit to have their mother removed as executrix of their father's estate, asserting that she is grossly incompetent.

The trial of Sarah Robinson, colored, indicted for murder in the first degree, came to a sudden end at Canton, O., when the accused offered to enter a plea of manslaughter and such a plea was accepted. Mrs. Robinson shot and killed her paramour, Watson McNair, at Massillon, April 4, in a saloon and all-around town where he was conducting. She had left her husband for McNair, but McNair had trouble over his attachment to a white woman. The trial began Monday and the whole policy of the defense was to show justification of homicide on account of torments made by McNair.

At Huntington, W. Va., Judge D. B. Matthews, in criminal court, imposed sentences as follows on convicted criminals: Wesley Duty, a 10-year-old incorrigible youth, unlawful cutting, to reform school until he attains the age of 21; Garfield Meddings, the slayer of George Fisher, nine years; Oscar Phipps, who shot to death Ed Swaine, penitentiary for life.

Despondent because his housekeeper had left him and because he was tired of life, Nicholas Beron, a widower, aged 42, of 35 Marshall avenue, Allegheny, tried to force his only son aged 7 years, to drink carbolic acid, and then drank a large dose himself and died. The boy managed to break away from the father and was not in the least injured.

Emmett Barre, against whom an indictment has been found charging conspiracy, has been arrested by Pittsburgh detectives in Pomeroy, O. Superintendent Philip Demmel, of the bureau of detectives, received a telegram notifying him that County Detective Robert G. Robinson and City Detective William Elmore had cornered Barre. A man named Walker is out on bail. They are accused of swindling Miss Bell, a stenographer, of \$3,000.

Mrs. John Kardon, residing at 531 Third avenue, Homestead, Pa., is at the South Side hospital, Pittsburgh, in a critical condition as the result of burns received. She attempted to start a fire with oil, when it exploded.

Police Prevented Duel.

Stockholm, Sweden, July 19.—It was said that the police got wind of the proposed duel between Captain Arvid Wester, of the general staff of the Swedish army, and William Casper, an American, manager of the Grand Arena palace, and prevented the meeting.

BASIS TO NEGOTIATE.

Vatican Organ Said It Was

Reached in Philippine
Friars' Matter.

U. S. INITIATIVE ENDS HAPPILY.

Foundation Reached For Further Ne-

gotiations Between an Apostolic

Delegate and the Governor of
Philippines, at Manila.

Rome, July 19.—Observers Romano (organ of the vatican) yesterday published an official note as follows:

"The initiative of the government of the United States, with the object of arriving at an understanding with the holy see about religious questions in the Philippines, in which it showed frankness and fine political tact, has reached a happy ending after negotiations conducted on both sides in a spirit of conciliation and friendly deference. The general lines of a common accord have been drawn up to the mutual satisfaction of the parties concerned and in conformity with the proposals made to the holy see in a memorandum. These general lines will serve as a basis for further negotiations, as regards details to be conducted and brought to a conclusion at Manila between an apostolic delegate and the governor of the Philippines."

Rampolla Sent Note to Taft. Rome, July 19.—A note from the vatican was presented to Governor Taft last night, signed by Cardinal Rampolla, which said in part:

"I hasten to acknowledge the receipt of the letter by which you kindly communicated to me the telegram from Secretary Root answering my note of July 9, which explained the counter project of the vatican for the regulation of religious affairs in the Philippines. While thanking you for this important communication, I am happy to assure you that the holy see has learned with the liveliest satisfaction the high consideration in which Mr. Root, in the name of the government of the United States, holds the fitness of the measures which the vatican, independently of the solution of any economic question, designed taking to ameliorate the religious situation in the archipelago and to co-operate in the pacification of the people under American sovereignty. The measures are indicated in my memorandum of June 21 and my letter of July 9. These declarations of Mr. Root do honor to the deep political wisdom of the government of the United States, which knows how to appreciate the happy influence of the holy see for the religious and civil elevation of the people, especially Catholics."

Pleasing to the Pope.

"With equal satisfaction the pontiff has taken into account the assurances of Secretary Root that the American authorities in the Philippines and at Washington will put forth all possible efforts to maintain the good understanding happily established with the authorities of the Catholic church. On his part the pontiff will not fail to give the apostolic delegate, soon to be sent to the Philippines, the most precise instructions according to my former notes."

"The main lines for future negotiations, indicated in the notes, having been accepted by Secretary Root, the representative of the vatican in the archipelago will enter into relations with the authorities in the Philippines on the four points indicated by Mr. Root at the end of his cablegram."

"The holy see does not doubt that mutual confidence, combined with the action of its representative and that of the American government, will easily produce a happy solution of the pending questions, inaugurating for that noble country a new era of peace and true progress."

Pope to Receive Taft Monday. Governor Taft was informed last night that the pope had fixed July 21 for his farewell audience.

Governor Taft will start Saturday for Vaunabrosa, near Florence, where he will stay with his family until Monday, when he will return for his audience with the pope.

London, July 19.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says "the pope is intensely displeased at the way in which the commission of cardinals has conducted the negotiations with Judge Taft in the matter of the friars in the Philippines. 'I learn from an authoritative source,' says the correspondent, 'that besides annulling the procedure of the commission of cardinals, the pope has summarily dissolved it, expressing his view that the American demands were reasonable, and signifying his readiness to treat with Judge Taft personally.'

Death of Capt. Reisinger Confirmed. Washington, July 19.—The navy department yesterday received confirmation of the news of the death of Captain William Wagner Reisinger, who was in command of the cruiser Philadelphia, when she left Panama and who died of Panama fever on the way to San Francisco.

Countess De La Warr Divorced. London, July 19.—Countess De La Warr was granted a divorce yesterday on the ground of the earl's desertion and misconduct. The countess was given costs and the custody of her children.

IMMIGRATION HAS INCREASED.

More This Fiscal Year Than Last
Amounts of Increase by
Countries.

Washington, July 19.—A statement has been prepared at the immigration bureau, showing the number of immigrants who arrived in the United States by countries during the fiscal year 1902, as compared with 1901. The total arrivals for the last fiscal year were 648,743 immigrants and 82,655 other alien passengers, making a total of 730,798. This is an increase of 160,825 immigrants over 1901. The principal increase during the last year as compared with 1901 were as follows:

Austria Hungary, 58,599.
Italy, including Sicily and Sardinia 42,379.
Russian empire and Finland, 22,090
Japan, 9,001.
Sweden, 7,563.
German empire, 6,653.
Norway, 5,256.
Greece, 2,594.
Denmark, 2,005.
The principal decreases are:
Ireland, 1,423.
China, 810.
Turkey, in Europe, 200.

ANOTHER STRIKE THREATENED.

Four Railroads at Chicago Accused of
Breaking Faith With Freight
Handlers.

Chicago, July 19.—Another strike of the freight handlers of Chicago may be called Sunday night. President Curran, of the Freight Handlers union, has issued a call for a mass meeting of all the freight handlers in the city to be held at that time to take action on the refusal of four railroads to reinstate all the old men.

Mr. Curran said last night that he regretted having to take this step but was compelled to do so. He declared that when the settlement was made it was agreed with Frederick W. Job, chairman of the state board of arbitration that all the old men were to be taken back when the strike was declared off. This, he says, the Santa Fe, Panhandle, Northwestern and Illinois Central railroads have not done, and unless they shall do so before the mass meeting Sunday night another walkout will be ordered.

JEFFRIES WORKED TOO HARD.

Trainer Delaney So Admitted—Fell
Asleep Being Rubbed Down.

Oakland, Cal., July 19.—Rumors were flying thick and fast round town yesterday to the effect that Champion Jeffries was sick at his quarters as a result of overtraining. This gave rise to the report that Jeffries was out of condition, and that he was laid up for repairs. It was pointed out that the champion is away below his normal weight. Trainer Delaney admits that Jeffries has worked too hard.

Jeffries arose at 1 o'clock yesterday and showed up at the gymnasium at 2 o'clock. He said:

"I am not sick. I was tired after being at the theater last night. I have cut out my work today and will just take gymnasium exercises. I'll be ready for the fight."

Jeffries fell asleep Thursday while being rubbed down.

STOCK MARKET EXPERIENCED

Another Day of Animation, Friday.

Large Capital Pursued Its Op-

erations With Confidence.

New York, July 19.—Yesterday was another animated day in the stock market, with aggregate sales of over 1,000,000 shares. The strength and variety of the market had no new development to account for them, but the large capital which has embarked upon the project of putting up prices and inviting an outside following pursued their operations with apparently unabated confidence.

The leaders of yesterday's market were Pennsylvania and affiliated railroads. Southern Railway was brought into the movement in a way to make it appear that closer relations than those now existing might be in prospect between the two properties. The apparent determination of the coal miners' convention not to make their strike general was given as a reason for the aggressive buying of Pennsylvania and all the seaboard soft coal carriers, and there was in addition a circumstantial assertion that Pennsylvania had secured control of Reading.

The accompanying advance of New York Central was held to signify an acquiescence in the new control on the part of the Vanderbilt interests. The market closed firm, but below the best, except in a few cases.

League Takes Hold Temporarily.

Baltimore, July 19.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the American league here yesterday the condition of the affairs of the Baltimore Baseball and Athletic company was formally presented and the franchise declared forfeited. The league has taken the club in hand and will run it until the new company is organized. Wilbert Robinson appeared before the board and after explaining his business relations with McGraw, he was ejected from any wrong intention in disposing of his stock in the club. Later he was appointed playing manager of the new team. Harry Goldman was made business manager.

OUTLOOK IMPROVED.

So Dun's Review Says of 'Indus-

tries--Due to Brighter J
Labor Situation.

IMPROVEMENT IN AGRICULTURE.

Prospects For Active Trade Decidedly

Encouraging—Financial Conditions

Are Sound—Less Failures Than
Same Period Last Year.

New York, July 19.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Settlement of numerous labor controversies and prospect of early agreements as to other struggles have greatly improved the industrial outlook, while agricultural conditions steadily improve. As these have been the only unfavorable influences for some months, the prospects for active trade are decidedly encouraging. Preparations for unusually heavy fall sales are being made and confidence grows stronger. Mills and furnaces that have been idle on account of the usual overhauling resumed as rapidly as needed repairs could be made. Financial conditions are sound, the mid-year dividend distributions producing no stringency, and speculation has been heavy for the season, both in securities and staples.

Pig Iron Commands Full Prices.

Pig iron continues to command full prices, supplies falling below requirements, and furnace deliveries failing to fill contracts. Scarcity of fuel is still the principal drawback, while car and motive power shortage are additional causes of delay. New orders are reported for distant delivery running about a year ahead. Prices are fully maintained for the raw material, but billets weakened slightly because of foreign selling. Importations have reached a considerable aggregate, and more are expected. Structural material is still the feature, new business being offered in great bulk. Railways needs do not diminish, despite the enormous amount of work already placed, and agricultural implement makers are fully employed. A general advance in prices of machine tools has occurred, averaging nearly 10 per cent. It was expected that mills and foundries would resell pig iron, owing to the high premiums obtainable, but this factor has had no appreciable effect as yet, most consumers requiring all the material received.

New lines of light weight woollens and worsteds have opened at unchanged prices, and the increased activity of mills has aroused more interest in the raw material, which tends to advance.

Crop Prospects Continued Favorable.

Crop prospects have continued favorable, and with the removal of speculative influences there was a gradual decline in prices. Cotton rules steady, the outlook for a liberal crop being balanced by the strong statistical position.

Failures for the week number 213 in the United States, against 193 last year, and 20 in Canada, against 32 last year.

NAME WAS THOMAS NOT SMITH.

Principal in Elopement Tragedy at

Columbus Was a Married Man.

Girl Left Note at Home.

Washington, Pa., July 19.—The news of the tragic death of John Thomas, at Columbus, O., who had given the name of Smith, and the illness of Maggie Canan, created quite a sensation here. Both parties were well known in this section. Thomas was a married man, and last spring made himself notorious by attempting to commit suicide by taking carbolic acid while in company with a young woman on the outskirts of the town. Thomas told the Canan girl that his name was Smith, and he was known by the parents of the girl. He had been calling on her for some time, and on Tuesday evening the couple had gone buggy riding. On Wednesday morning he came around to the Canan home, and while the family were in another part of the house the girl and Thomas drove away.

This was the last the parents saw of the girl. When she did not return Wednesday evening they were much worried about her. Thursday morning they made a search and found a note that she had gone to get married and would write to them Sunday.

Killed Wife Before Her Babe.

Chicago, July 19.—Because his wife gave evidence that her love for him had waned while he was serving 17 months in the state prison, William Nelson shot her to death here yesterday and then turned his revolver upon himself in an ineffectual attempt to take his own life. His wound was superficial. Their baby, too young to realize that a crime was being committed, was the only witness to the tragedy.

Bank Teller Sentenced to Prison.

New York, July 19.—Harry G. Bell, the receiving teller of the River bank, who was Thursday convicted of thefts from the bank, said to have aggregated \$20,000, was yesterday sentenced to not more than six nor less than four years in the state's prison, at hard labor.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Broad Plans For Coming Re-

union In Washington.

THE PRESIDENT TO PARTICIPATE

October Gathering of Veterans Ex-

pected to Be One of the Most Significant Yet Held—Fine Decorations and Illuminations Planned—New Monuments to Be Unveiled.

Extensive preparations have been made by the national capital for the 1902 encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held in Washington during the second week in October, says the New York Mail and Express. Ten years ago the veterans of this organization were entertained as the city's guests, and the reception then accorded the members of the Grand Army proved one of the notable experiences in their history as an organization.

Three days, Oct. 6, 7 and 8—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—have been chosen by General Eli Torrence and his associates of the G. A. R. executive committee as the period of the national convention. Monday has been set apart for the first day's session of the convention and a special display of fireworks, at which all of the officers of all the organizations then assembled in Washington and the president of the United States are to be present. On Tuesday the convention will conclude its annual session, while the general visitors to the city will view a parade by the Sons of Veterans. The third day has been set aside for the parade of the veterans, a desire on their part that none but soldiers who have seen service at the front should participate having been recognized by those who framed the program.

An extensive schedule of regimental, division and corps reunions has been arranged to cover the first two days of the encampment. Numerous excursions will be made to nearby points of interest, such as Mount Vernon and Braddock's rock.

The whole city will be handsomely dressed for the occasion. The decoration will consist almost exclusively of American flags hung at an angle from all buildings along the line of the veterans' march and from most houses within reach of the business section of the city.

Local opinion is strong against the distortion of the beautiful architectural lines of the public buildings. On other occasions the splendidly proportioned pediments of such buildings as the treasury and the patent office have been marred by flags hung more or less gracefully about the cornices or allegorical pictures painted more or less skillfully. But this year the strong, fine lines of Greek and Romanesque architecture will be left to speak for themselves, and, except for groups of flags about that which always flies from a governmental building, they will be entirely without decoration.

These decorations will converge on a court of honor to be built in the space enclosed in Lafayette square and the grounds of the White House. Several well known architects are at work preparing a design of Greek pillars and covered reviewing stands which shall have the general effect of a peristyle with a semicircle of Ionic columns leading to the doors of the executive mansion, which by that time will have been completely remodeled. At night the space will glow with thousands of colored lights, illuminating the smoke which will ascend from several pyres and transforming what is now an open plaza into a structure of delicate beauty.

At night the whole downtown section of the city will take on the peculiar charm which attached to the Buffalo exposition when its buildings were outlined with thousands of incandescent lights and its fountains transformed by the gleam of many colors. Plans are being laid for such an illumination of the high, white dome of the capitol that from every point of view it shall stand out in sharp relief against the black of the sky. But the chief night display will be the exhibition of fireworks, which will be made south of the White House and at the base of the Washington monument.

Two impressive dedicatory ceremonies are to occur at the close of the encampment. The monument to General W. T. Sherman, for which congress has erected a pedestal at the south front of the treasury building, and that to the late Dr. Benjamin F. Stephenson, founder of the Grand Army of the Republic, will both be unveiled.

The former is of bronze and granite, executed partly by Carl Rohl-Smith, now deceased, and partly by Stephen Sinding, a Norwegian, and Lauritz Jensen, a Dane. The work is expected to prove one of the notable memorials in a city already rich in such structures. The monument to Dr. Stephenson is a gift to the city by the G. A. R. The preparations for the encampment have been undertaken by a committee of about sixty residents of Washington, chosen at the instance of the Washington Business Men's association.

Tribute to the Brave Transvaalers.

The gallantry of the Boers will not be forgotten. The spectacle of a few farmers wrestling heroically like Laocoon in the grip of the great empire will live in the imagination of mankind beside Thermopylae, says the London Star. The names of Botha, De Wet and Delany will shine beside the names of Leonidas, William Tell, Kosciusko and Mazzini. The glory of invincible defeat and of unconquerable vanquishment is theirs. Forever poets will sing of their exploits and historians will recount their deeds.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Seibert, of Cliff street, a son.

William Ritter is spending his summer vacation with relatives in St. Paul, Minn.

The Misses Edith and Lura Steele are visiting in Bolivar, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Becher.

Wray Arthur left Friday morning for Detroit, Mich., and other points up the lakes on a two weeks' trip.

Mrs. C. E. Sutton and son Rodney have gone to Galion to visit Mrs. Sutton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. James.

W. H. Wilson has been engaged by the Pocock Glass Company at Wooster to take charge of its blacksmithing department.

Mrs. Caroline Cameron and James Cameron have moved to Pittsburg, where they will make their home in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Smeltz and family, of Greentown, Ind., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Fromholtz, in West Main street.

Miss Della Maddar, of Akron, is a guest of Miss Alda B. Klingensmith, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Christman, in Albright street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar T. Dodd have gone to Wooster, where they will reside. Mr. Dodd is connected with the Pocock Glass Company at that place.

Edward Worpool, a section hand on the B. & O., left Friday night for New York, where he will embark for Ireland, to spend a few months with his parents.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Faith Lutheran congregation will hold a lawn social at the residence of Harry Stilgenbauer, in Duncan street, on Tuesday evening, July 22.

Dr. E. S. Emerick, of the Massillon state hospital staff, left Saturday morning for Cleveland where he will take the boat for Detroit and other Michigan points along the lake on a week's vacation trip.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Faith Lutheran chapel will hold an ice cream festival on next Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stilgenbauer, in Duncan street. The public is invited.

The employees of the Massillon Bridge Shop Company will hold their annual outing on Saturday, August 23, at Cottage grove. This was decided upon at a meeting of the committee on arrangements Thursday afternoon. The committee is composed of Markel Hackett, Frank Pfug and John Carver.

While saving another from death under the wheels, John Kennedy, aged 60, a Baltimore & Ohio target man, was killed last night at Warren. Kennedy saw John Condor, a 13 year old boy, driving on the track in front of a train. Kennedy grabbed the horse, and both he and the animal were killed. The boy is badly hurt.

J. Frank Herb, of Ashland, Pa., disappeared a week ago on the day he had promised to wed a young woman of Orrville. The bride expectant is in sore distress because of his perfidy. It could not be understood why Herb went away so suddenly, as his affairs with the company for which he worked were in good shape. The mystery was explained when a letter was received from Herb's father, at Ashland, Pa., which indicated that the young man already has a wife who resides at Ashland.

The climate and crop report for the week ending July 14 is as follows for Ohio: Wheat harvesting delayed in northeast by wet grounds, some threshing done, grain of good quality; corn growing rapidly, excellent condition except on northeast, where too wet; oats improving, straw and heads heavy, but lodged somewhat; early potatoes fair but rotting; some grass improved; clover, pastures, gardens, and tobacco doing well; apples continue dropping; peaches light; grapes promising.

Wednesday morning the three year old daughter of Mrs. Samuel Minor, living at the corner of Munksingum and Charles streets, met with an accident which may render necessary the amputation of several toes on the right foot. Mrs. Minor was ironing when the hot iron slipped and fell, striking the child on the foot and almost severing two toes. Medical assistance was called and the injured members bandaged. The same child, two weeks ago, fell from a chair and broke her right arm. As a result of the double shock she is in a serious condition.

Azariah Shorb gave a dinner at his home in West Tremont street, Friday evening, his guests being his fellow employees of the Massillon Telephone Company, including Manager W. S. Holloway and the young ladies of the exchange. Miss Agnes Schultz and Miss Anna Fetzner, of the Dalton exchange, and Miss Eva Krear, of the Fulton exchange, were present. In all the guests numbered about twenty-five. Following the dinner there was instrumental and vocal music and all sorts of games were played.

TEACHERS AND THEIR SALARIES.

List Prepared by the Teachers and Salary Committee of the Board of Education—Names, Grades, Time of Certificates and Experience in Years—List of New Teachers.

Following is the tabulated statement made by the teachers and salary committee of the Massillon board of education for the year 1902-3:

Names.	Grade.	Time of Certificate.	Ex. in Years.	Salary.
--------	--------	----------------------	---------------	---------

Edmund A. Jones, Superintendent. High School Life 5 38 \$2100 00

Wm. Johns, Prin. H. S. and North St. Bldg. 5 17 1200 00

James Collier, Assistant High School. 5 17 700 00

Elia Blanchard, Assistant High School. 5 12 700 00

Martha Wong, Assistant High School. 5 6 650 00

Edith Benoit, Assistant High School. 5 6 550 00

PRINCIPALS OF BUILDINGS.

Names.	Rooms.	Grade.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------	--------	--------------	-------------	---------

John Ellis, 8 8th 5 24 \$450 00

A. B. Oberlin, 8 8th 5 24 350 00

Thomas Teeple, 6 8th 5 24 350 00

Charles Smith, 6 6th 5 16 700 00

John Magner, 4 6th and 7th High School Life 8 8 650 00

Emma Kratsch, 2 3d and 3d 5 11 450 00

Clara Ralston, 2 3d and 4th 5 11 450 00

SEVENTH GRADE.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Lillian Utman, 5 25 \$550 00

Viola B. Pepper, 5 25 550 00

Susie Graybill, 5 25 550 00

SIXTH GRADE.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Dessie Graybill, 5 19 500 00

Joan K. Baird, 5 18 500 00

Alice Young, 5 18 440 00

FIFTH GRADE.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Charlotte Smith, 5 19 440 00

May Bowman, 5 15 400 00

Jennie Kirt, 5 8 400 00

Kate Lind, 5 3 400 00

Jeannette Miller, 5 4 400 00

FOURTH GRADE.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Nancy Wiseman, 5 30 450 00

Mella McMillan, 5 31 425 00

Laura Sharp, 5 15 425 00

Mary Nell, 5 12 400 00

Adelaide Beck, 5 2 350 00

Lulu Terrill, 5 3 350 00

THIRD GRADE.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Elen Smith, 5 7 375 00

Maud Farrell, 5 3 350 00

Zorah Miller, 5 3 350 00

Leeta Kelley, 5 3 350 00

SECOND GRADE.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Mary Davis, 5 8 400 00

Minnie Cronie, 5 3 350 00

Mabel Hoch, 5 2 340 00

Sadie Simpson, 5 2 320 00

Elia Bush, 5 2 320 00

FIRST GRADE.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Arlotta Yost, 5 30 550 00

Nettie Miller, 5 30 550 00

Iva Sprankle, 5 10 550 00

Christa Irwin, 5 13 550 00

Nellie Evans, 5 2 400 00

Lula Simpson, 5 2 400 00

Clara Morris, 5 5 375 00

Lavina Marr, 5 5 375 00

SPECIAL TEACHERS.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Loyal Graves, Music, 5 11 775 00

J. McElhane, Penmanship and Drawing, 5 11 650 00

Mary Dietter, German, 5 11 320 00

Sallie Brannan, Substitute, 5 11 320 00

NEW TEACHERS.

Names.	Certificate.	Experience.	Salary.
--------	--------------	-------------	---------

Thos. J. Teeple, Principal State Street Bldg. 5 30 550 00

Joan K. Baird, 6th grade, Tremont St. Bldg. 5 18 500 00

Kate Lind, 5th grade, Oak Park Bldg. 5 18 440 00

Adelaide Beck, 4th grade, Oak Park Bldg. 5 2 350 00

Leeta Kelley, 3d grade, Franklin Bldg. 5 3 350 00

J. M. McElhane, Penmanship and Drawing, 5 11 650 00

Elia Bush, 2d grade, Oak Park Bldg. 5 2 320 00

One vacancy, 6 and 7th grade, North Street Bldg.

ELLA O. SHOEMAKER.

E. E. FOX.

ELLA R. PITTS.

Committee.

REFORMS DEFEATED.

Revival of Chinese Customs Corruption.

Pekin, July 19.—The throne has issued orders to Sir Robert Hart, imperial commissioner of maritime customs, to remit only the excess of former collections of native customs toward the payment of the indemnity to the powers.

This action is taken, it is believed, in order to safeguard the immemorial corruption to which the customs revenues have been devoted heretofore and to defeat the reform provided for in the protocol. It also violates the letter of that document.

The Chinese could find it easy to pay the indemnity, and it is possible that the government could settle all the claims in a short time if it was disposed to apprehend the guilty.

The tribute of rice, which was commuted to a tribute of silver in a long edict issued last year, because it was regarded as the cause of China's greatest frauds and embezzlements and was said to be consuming the life of the people, is again arriving.

This edict was issued at the time ostensibly for the purpose of saving millions to the people.

The preparations for railway extensions and the continuance of reforms, including the reconstruction of government board and yamen and the destruction of record have actually been annulled.

SMOKE NUISANCE ABATED.

Firemen Learn How to Use Soft Coal.

New York, July 19.—Although the New York sky is clear again this is not due to the use of anthracite coal. Soft coal is still being used, as the other article is hard to obtain, but the explanation lies in the fact that the firemen employed at many buildings in the city have been taught to be careful in shoveling coal into the furnaces, putting in a little at a time and feeding the furnaces oftener. The plan insures more perfect combustion, prevents waste of coal and keeps down the smoke. Smoke consumers have been placed in many buildings where large quantities of coal are used for steam making. These have helped to abate a nuisance that threatened to become intolerable. The board of health does not interfere with the use of soft coal so long as no nuisance is created. Owners of buildings have been warned not to permit a smoke nuisance and they have a choice between using smoke consumers and having firemen who can use soft coal carefully if hard coal cannot be obtained.

FIGHTING AT PANAMA.

Panama, July 19.—The insurgent gunboats Padella and Darien appeared last night between Flamanico and Attique islands Governor Salazar thereupon ordered the government gunboats, Chucuito and Clapet, to put to sea and meet them. Heavy cannonading is taking place at this hour, 10 a. m. The United States special service steamer Ranger is coming into the bay. Great alarm is felt in the city. The entrenchments are full of soldiers.

NEARBY TOWN NEWS

The Social Doings of Canal Fulton.

ESTIMATE OF THE WHEAT CROP.

Farmers Say it will Run About Twenty Bushels to the Acre

—The Pretensions of Chippewa Lake—Bentley's Ice Cream Festival on July 19—Best Crops in Twenty-five Years.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, July 18.—Miss Vesta and Lucile Shoemaker, of Massillon, called on Miss Helen Wallace at the Easy hotel, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Moke and son Russel, of Massillon, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Moke Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Meyers are enjoying a trip up the lakes. They will return the latter part of the week.

William Keler, of Cleveland, is spending his summer vacation at the home of J. R. Lawrence, south of town.

Mrs. M. N. Everhart, of Wadsworth, and Miss Marian Carr, of Cleveland, were the guests of Mrs. J. H. Porter last Wednesday.

Daniel Birmingham left Saturday for Bucyrus, where he has purchased a blacksmith shop. He will move his family to that city.

Mrs. H. H. Rayl and son, of Philadelphia, Pa., have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rayl the past week.

Mrs. Augusta Bernower, Miss Lucile Bernower, Master Gus Bernower and Miss E. Pearl Swan, of Canton, were the guests of Miss Margaret Easley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Moke and Mrs. Beecher Moke attended the General Council of the Y. P. C. U. of the United Brethren church, at Canton, last Friday and Saturday.

Miss Helen Wallace, of Cleveland, who has been the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Easley, Tuesday went to Massillon, where he is now visiting the Misses and Vesta and Lucile Shoemaker.

A. J. Miller and W. S. Moke, of Massillon, came to Fulton Sunday in the former's automobile. Mr. Miller made life pleasant for various Fultonians by placing his auto at their disposal.

Thrashing has hardly commenced hereabouts, so that a correct estimate of the wheat yield cannot be made, but the general impression of farmers is that it will run about twenty bushels to the acre.

A. J. Nelson came down from Chippewa lake Monday to urge upon Fulton people to run their excursion to that pleasure resort. He says that Chippewa lake offers more pleasure to the square inch than any other place in this part of the state.

W. S. Holloway, R. S. Hardgrove, of the Stark Telephone Company, and W. L. Decker, of the Central Union Telephone Company, were registered at the Easy Thursday. They came from Massillon to repair the damage done by the lightning Tuesday night.

Sunday afternoon, July 20, at 2 p. m., the cornerstone of St. Jacob's Lutheran church at Mudbrook will be laid. The stone was donated by D. J. Wilhelm, and is considered a fine specimen. H. A. Fisher donated the box for the contents. The Rev. G. M. Schmucker, of Canton, will preach the sermon. The services will be held at the school house.

BENTLY.

Bentley, July 18.—There will be an ice cream festival held on the church lawn Saturday evening, July 19. The Stanwood band will furnish music.

People in this vicinity are busy making hay.

A number of our young people have been attending camp meeting at East Greenville.

Miss Ida Wampler, of Massillon, is visiting relatives here.

Wheat is all harvested in this vicinity, and farmers report the best crop in twenty-five years.

Miss Bertha Erb has entirely recovered from an attack of heart failure, and the doctor's care is no longer needed.

GOAT HILL.

Goat Hill, July 19.—W. J. Penman purchased a new buggy from a firm in Marshville last Thursday.

Mrs. Martha Augustine is on the sick list.

Harmon Ruchstraw's new house is under roof.

The mines are working steadily.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Zupp visited the latter's parents last week.

A festival will be held at Cross Roads in the near future.

Mr. Doty, of Massillon, visited at Marion McFarren's, Sunday.

The Elton base ball team defeated the Stanwood team last Sunday by a score of 23-22, in a ten inning game.

NEARBY TOWN NEWS

The Social Doings of Canal Fulton.

ESTIMATE OF THE WHEAT CROP.

Farmers Say it will Run About

Twenty Bushels to the Acre

—The Pretensions of Chippewa Lake—Bentley's Ice

Cream Festival on July 19—

Best Crops in Twenty-five

Years.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, July 18.—Miss Vesta and Lucile Shoemaker, of Massillon, called on Miss Helen Wallace at the Easy hotel, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Moke and son Russel, of Massillon, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Moke Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Meyers are enjoying a trip up the lakes. They will return the latter part of the week.

William Keler, of Cleveland, is spending his summer vacation at the home of J. R. Lawrence, south of town.

Mrs. M. N. Everhart, of Wadsworth, and Miss Marian Carr, of Cleveland, were the guests of Mrs. J. H. Porter last Wednesday.

Daniel Birmingham left Saturday for Bucyrus, where he has purchased a blacksmith shop. He will move his family to that city.

Mrs. H. H. Rayl and son, of Philadelphia, Pa., have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rayl the past week.

Mrs. Augusta Bernower, Miss Lucile Bernower, Master Gus Bernower and Miss E. Pearl Swan, of Canton, were the guests of Miss Margaret Easley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Moke and Mrs. Beecher Moke attended the General Council of the Y. P. C. U. of the United Brethren church, at Canton, last Friday and Saturday.

Miss Helen Wallace, of Cleveland, who has been the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Easley, Tuesday went to Massillon, where he is now visiting the Misses and Vesta and Lucile Shoemaker.

A. J. Miller and W. S. Moke, of Massillon, came to Fulton Sunday in the former's automobile. Mr. Miller made life pleasant for various Fultonians by placing his auto at their disposal.

Thrashing has hardly commenced hereabouts, so that a correct estimate of the wheat yield cannot be made, but the general impression of farmers is that it will run about twenty bushels to the acre.

A. J. Nelson came down from Chippewa lake Monday to urge upon Fulton people to run their excursion to that pleasure resort. He says that Chippewa lake offers more pleasure to the square inch than any other place in this part of the state.

W. S. Holloway, R. S. Hardgrove, of the Stark Telephone Company, and W. L. Decker, of the Central Union Telephone Company, were registered at the Easy Thursday. They came from Massillon to repair the damage done by the lightning Tuesday night.

Sunday afternoon, July 20, at 2 p. m., the cornerstone of St. Jacob's Lutheran church at Mudbrook will be laid. The stone was donated by D. J. Wilhelm, and is considered a fine specimen. H. A. Fisher donated the box for the contents. The Rev. G. M. Schmucker, of Canton, will preach the sermon. The services will be held at the school house.

BENTLY.

Bentley, July 18.—There will be an ice cream festival held on the church lawn Saturday evening, July 19. The Stanwood band will furnish music.

People in this vicinity are busy making hay.

A number of our young people have been attending camp meeting at East Greenville.

Miss Ida Wampler, of Massillon, is visiting relatives here.

Wheat is all harvested in this vicinity, and farmers report the best crop in twenty-five years.

Miss Bertha Erb has entirely recovered from an attack of heart failure, and the doctor's care is no longer needed.

GOAT HILL.

Goat Hill, July 19.—W. J. Penman purchased a new buggy from a firm in Marshville last Thursday.

Mrs. Martha Augustine is on the sick list.

Harmon Ruchstraw's new house is under roof.

The mines are working steadily.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Zupp visited the latter's parents last week.

A festival will be held at Cross Roads in the near future.

Mr. Doty, of Massillon, visited at Marion McFarren's, Sunday.

The Elton base ball team defeated the Stanwood team last Sunday by a score of 23-22, in a ten inning game.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN
The Leading Specialists of America. 25 Years in Ohio. Bank Security.
Nine out of every ten men have been guilty of transgression against nature in their youth. Nature never excuses